

Food in the Circular Economy

Vocational Training Edition





An Introduction





General Learning Objective

Learners will understand how the principles of the circular economy can be applied in the food and hospitality sectors, gaining practical skills to minimize waste, reuse materials, and make food-related work more sustainable.

Specific Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, participants will be able to:

Describe the main concepts of linear and circular economies.

Identify key sources of food waste in workplaces (kitchen, catering, restaurant, or food production).

Apply circular economy practices in daily operations (e.g., portion control, composting, reusing leftovers, sustainable purchasing).

Evaluate the economic and environmental benefits of circular practices.

Develop a simple action plan to make their workplace more sustainable.

Duration 3 hours (including demonstration and group activity)



Teaching and Learning Methods

- Guided discussion and brainstorming
- Real workplace examples and short videos
- Small group problem-solving activities
- Role play or simulation exercises
- Quiz and peer feedback

Initial Assessment: Pre-Test (Knowledge Check)

Purpose: Identify learners' initial understanding and workplace experience with food waste and sustainability.

Format: 8 short questions (mix of multiple choice and open-ended).

Duration: 10 minutes

What is a Circular Economy?

- Model for production & consumption
- Focused on reuse, repair, recycle
- Extends product life cycles
- Reduces waste to a minimum

The circular economy model:
less raw material, less waste, fewer emissions

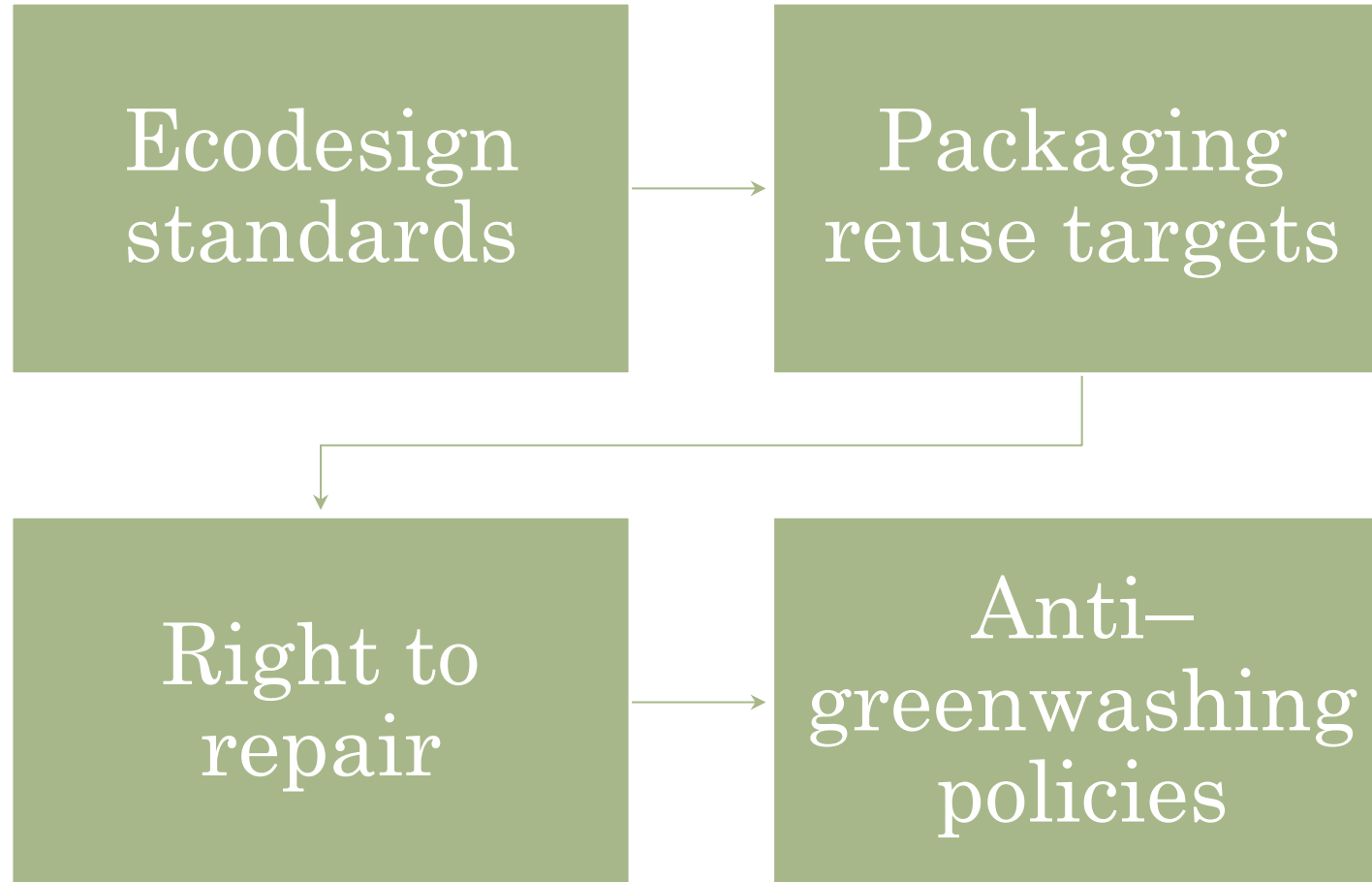


Why Switch to Circular Economy?



- Protect the planet 
- Reduce emissions 
- Save resources & biodiversity
- Create new jobs & innovation

EU Circular Actions



Brainstorming



Identify waste sources in your environment

(Use group discussion – kitchen, storage, packaging, etc.)



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What is Food Waste?

- Edible food discarded or unused
- Happens from farm to fork
- Includes storage, transport, cooking, leftovers



Global Food Waste Facts

- 1/3 of global food lost yearly (~2.5B tonnes)
- If a country → 3rd largest GHG emitter
- Could feed 3 billion people
- Huge impact on climate & nutrition

Where Food Gets Lost

Developing countries: post-harvest, transport, storage

Developed countries: retail, households, over-ordering



The Circular Economy & Food

Turn food by-products into fertilizers, bioenergy, textiles

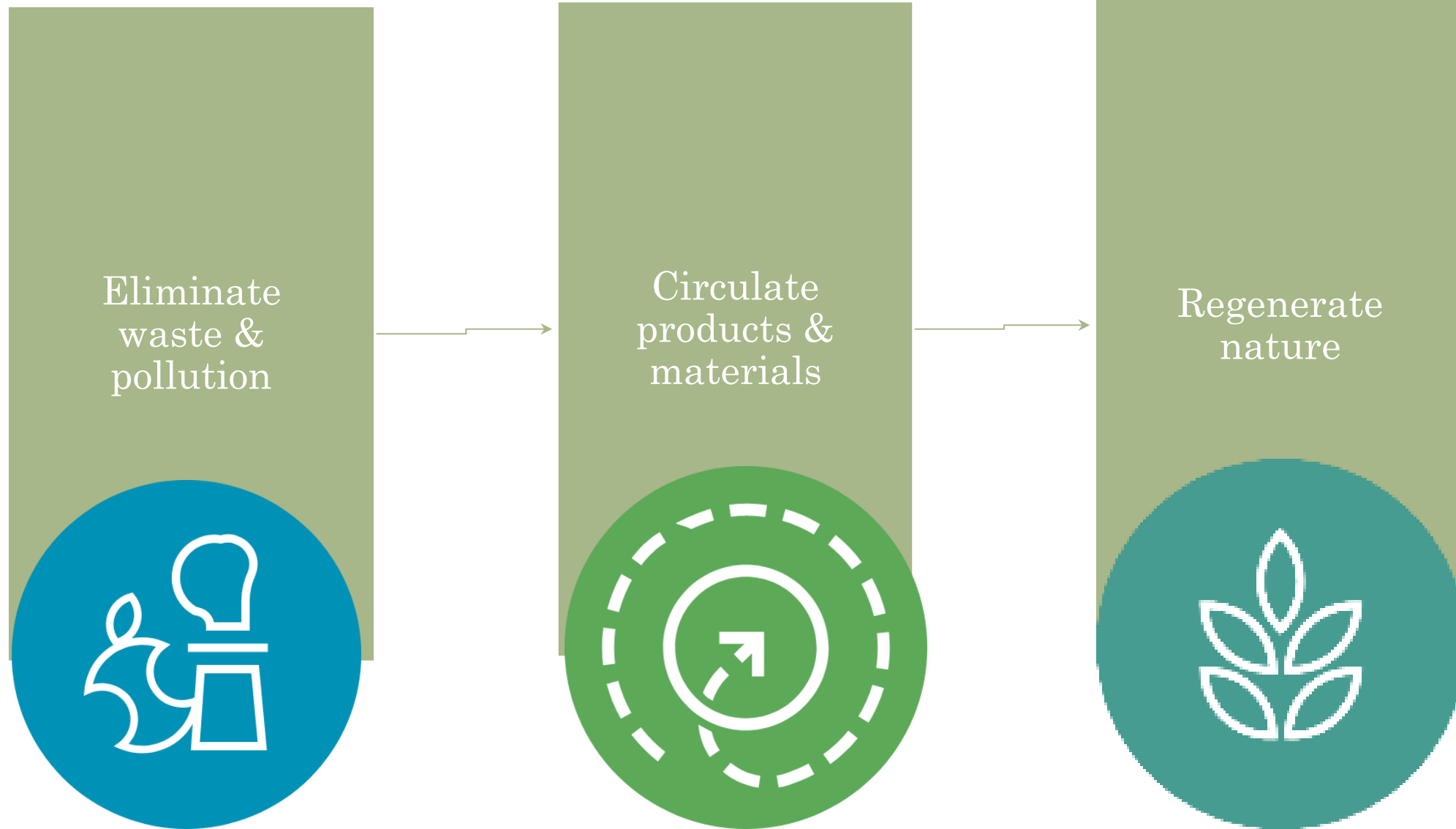


Reduce landfill waste



Regenerate ecosystems

3 Principles of Circular Economy



Eliminate Waste & Pollution



- Prevent surpluses early
- Optimize logistics
- Design smart packaging
- Educate consumers



Circulate Products & Materials



- Redistribute edible surplus
- Convert residues → compost or biogas
- Use circular recovery chains



Regenerate Nature



- Compost food waste
- Promote regenerative farming
- Restore soil & biodiversity:





SECTION 2

Case Studies: Circular Food Systems

Real examples of how food waste becomes value

Ostara Nutrient Recovery Technology (Vancouver, Canada)

- Recovers phosphorus (85%) and nitrogen (up to 15%) from wastewater—often from food processing—to create Crystal Green® fertilizer, closing nutrient loops and preventing runoff.
- Circular Focus: Transforms "waste" streams into slow-release plant nutrients, replacing synthetic fertilizers.
- Impacts: Cuts 10 tonnes of CO₂e emissions per tonne of fertilizer; generates revenue while saving wastewater facilities from blockages.



Agriprotein (Cape Town, South Africa)

- Uses Black Soldier Fly larvae to convert organic food waste into high-protein animal feed for aquaculture and livestock, with leftovers as compost.
- Circular Focus: Cascades waste into renewable feedstocks, reducing arable land use for feed (which consumes 1/3 of global farmland).
- Impacts: One factory processes 250 tonnes daily, sparing 15 million wild fish annually and bolstering bio-economy resilience.



Lufa Farms (Montreal, Canada)

- Operates commercial rooftop hydroponic greenhouses on underused urban spaces to grow fresh produce, shortening supply chains and minimizing transport-related waste.
- Circular Focus: Localizes production to cut food miles and spoilage; integrates with urban waste heat for efficiency.
- Impacts: First site (0.75 acres) feeds 2,000 people yearly, creates jobs, reduces energy use, and enhances urban biodiversity.



Biopolus (Budapest, Hungary)

- Builds decentralized "urban metabolic hubs" for neighborhoods (10,000–20,000 people) to process organic food waste and wastewater into energy, biochemicals, and clean water.
- Circular Focus: Regenerates local resources on-site, turning waste into community assets like reusable water and food additives.
- Impacts: Eliminates landfill externalities, fosters vibrant spaces, and supports integrated urban food systems with minimal environmental harm.





SECTION 3

Figuring things out



Final Assessment: Post-Test

Format: 10 short questions + 1 practical task

Duration: 20 minutes

Question	Type	Correct/Expected Answer	Competence Assessed
1. Name two key principles of the circular economy.	Open	Reuse, reduce, recycle / keep resources in use	Concept
2. Give one example of a circular food practice in your workplace.	Open	(e.g., donating leftovers, composting)	Application
3. What are the benefits of reducing food waste?	Multiple	Saves money, protects the environment	Understanding
4. How can you reduce waste in the kitchen?	Open	Portion control, better storage, reusing ingredients	Problem-solving
5. What should be avoided to promote circularity?	Multiple	Over-ordering / disposable packaging	Awareness

Group Activity



Design a **Circular Kitchen Plan**

- Rethink one process
- Reduce waste
- Reuse materials creatively

Quiz & Reflection

- What did you learn?
- How can you apply it at work?

Wrap-up & Resources

Post-test + Action plan

Resources:

[FAO Food Waste Toolkit](#)

[Ellen MacArthur Foundation](#)

[Sustainable Restaurant Association videos](#)

THE END