# Laser welding applications

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#### **Overview**

- Welding technologies
- Why laser welding?
- Heavy industry applications (thick metal welding)
- EV applications

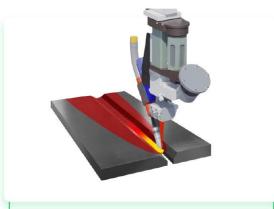


#### Welding technologies



Gen I

GMAW/ SAW



Gen II GMAW – Laser Hybrid



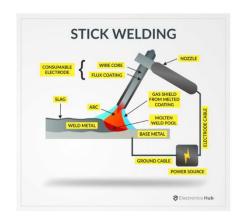
Gen III

Dynamic Beam Laser



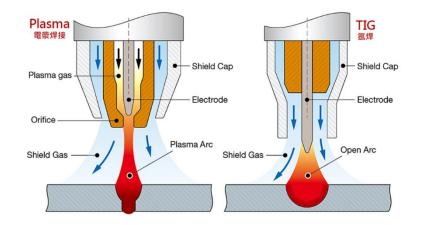


#### **Gen-1 welding technologies**







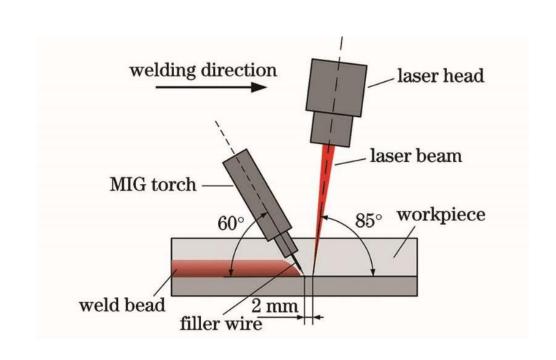


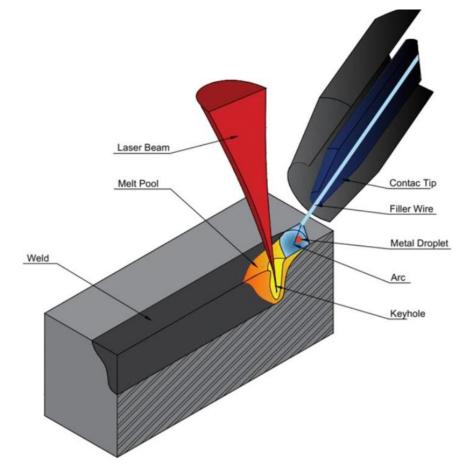






#### **Gen2- welding technologies**

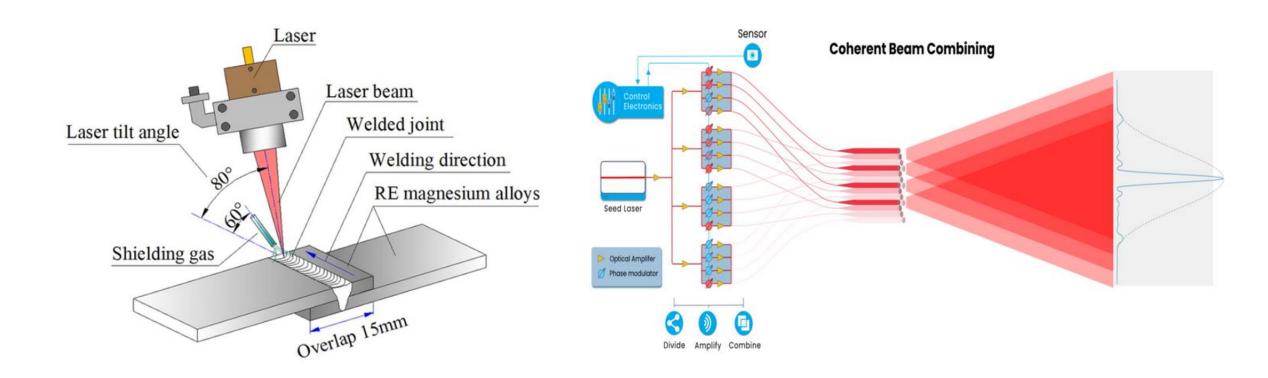






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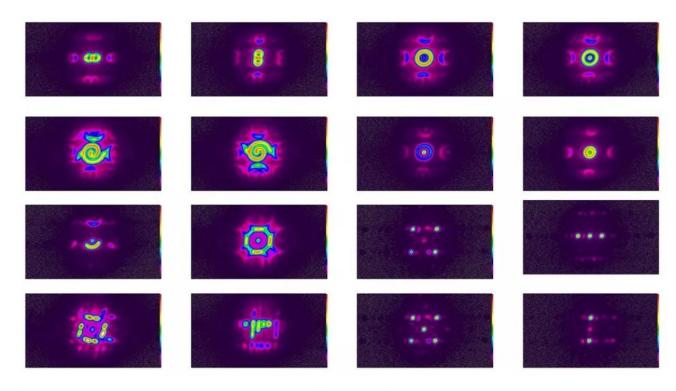
#### Gen3- laser welding with beam shaping







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Civan's dynamic beam laser can be customized with profiles to match a specific application.

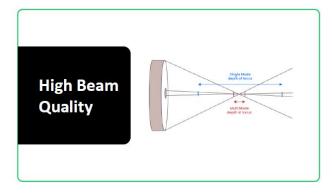


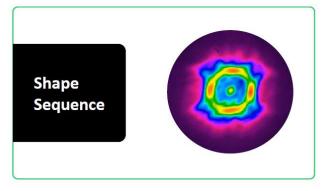


#### Gen3- laser welding with beam shaping

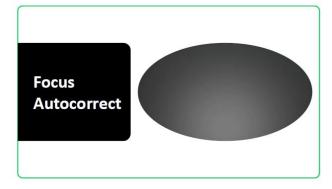
































#### Traditional No laser



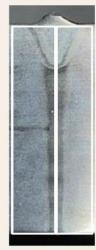
- 6 passes
- Double side
- Edge preparation

**Emerging**Partial laser



- 3 passes
- Single side
- Edge preparation

**Desired** Fully laser



- 1 pass
- Single side
- Square groove





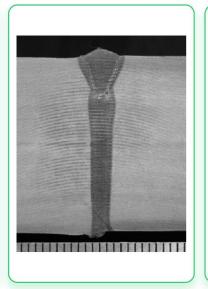


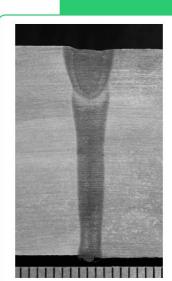




## Using filler wire to overcome gaps & undercuts

- Mild steel (S355JR) 25mm
- Butt weld



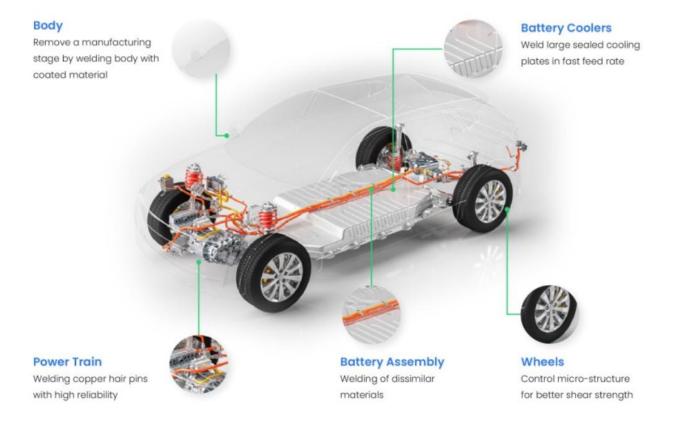


- Stage 1: root weld
- Stage 2: filler material





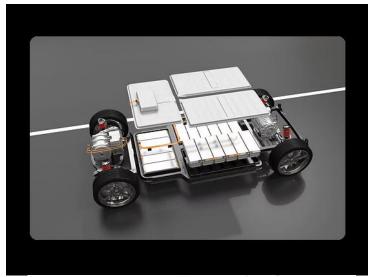
### **EV** applications





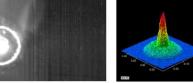


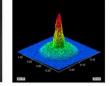
## **EV** applications





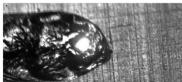








Parameter: Disk laser, BLW 50/50, focal diameter 250/1000; power = 4,5 kW, speed = 100 mm/s



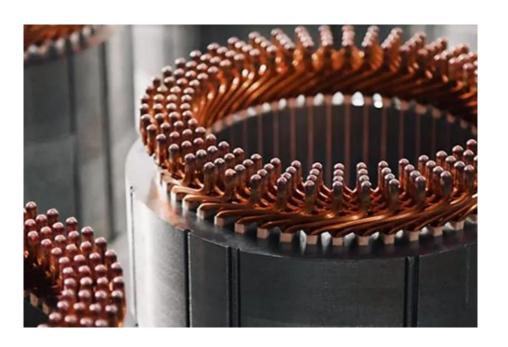


Dynamic Beam Laser Parameter: frequency = 222,2kHz; power = 1,8 kW, speed = 100 mm/s



## **EV** applications









# Thank you for your attention! Any questions?

#### **Contact information:**



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